# TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA

**Audit of Financial Statements** 

December 31, 2013

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. Acopy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date AUG 1 3 2014



Basic Financial Statements Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net:Position Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Total Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Proprietary, Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows Notes to Financial Statements	A B C D E		1 - 3 5 6 8 9
Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net:Position Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues; Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	. B C D E		6 8 9
Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net:Position Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues; Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	. B C D E		6 8 9
Statement of Net:Position Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changesin Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues; Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Proprietary, Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	. B C D E		6 8 9
Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues; Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Proprietary, Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	C D E		8
Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues; Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	D E		9
Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues; Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	D E		9
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance   Sheet to the Statement of Net Position   Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and     Changes in   Fund   Balances   Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues; Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities   Proprietary Fund     Statement of Revenues, Expenses and     Change in Net Position     Statement of Cash Flows	D E		9
Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statemer of Revenues; Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Proprietary, Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	E at		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statemer of Revenues; Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	E at		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statemer of Revenues; Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Proprietary, Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	nt		10
Changesin Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statemer of Revenues; Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	nt		10
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statemer of Revenues; Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Revenues Statement of Revenues			
Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Proprietary Fund Statement of Net:Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	F		
Proprietary, Fund Statement of Net:Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	F		
Statement of Net:Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows			11
Statement of Net:Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows			
Statement/of Cash Flows	G		12
Statement/of Cash Flows			
	H		13
Notes to Financial Statements	I		14 - 15
			17 - 30
Poguized Supplementary Information			
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fu	nd		
Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	HU	1	32
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fu	nd	1	JZ
Balance - Budget and Actual - Police		2	33
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fu	nd	_	
Balance - Budget and Actual - Street		3	34
Other Supplementary Information			
Schedule of Operating Expenses - Proprietary Fund		4	36
Schedule of Compensation Paid to the Members			
of the Board of Aldermen		5	37
Connect on Internal Control Cores Financial Describer of			
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting a on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Aud			
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with			
Government Auditing Standards			38 - 39

•

Contents (Continued)	Statement	Schedule	Page
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Report on Internal Control Over Complian	_		
OMB Circular A-133			40 - 42
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Award	ds		43
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Cost	ts		44 - 50
Schedule of Prior Year Findings			51

.

•

•

.

.



LaPorte, APAC 5100 Village Walk | Suite 300 Covington, LA 70433 985.892.5850 | Fax 985.892.5956 LaPorte.com

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Pearl River, Louisiana

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Pearl River, Louisiana (the Town), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Pearl River, Louisiana, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Emphasis of Matter**

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2013, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

# **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules beginning on 32 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary schedule of operating expenses - proprietary fund and the schedule of compensation are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary schedule of operating expenses - proprietary fund, the schedule of compensation, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2014, on our consideration of the Town of Pearl River, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Covington, LA June 26, 2014 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1

		ernmental ctivities	Business-Type Activities		**		Total
Assets					_		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	924,336	\$	1,027,916	\$	1,952,252	
Certificates of Deposit		775		_		<i>7</i> 75	
Receivables							
Water and Sewer, Net		-		41,372		41,372	
Ad Valorem Taxes, Net		175,150		_		175,150	
Sales Taxes		123,676		15,459		139,135	
Other		58,344		-		58,344	
Internal Balances		274,477		(274,477)		-	
Capital Assets, Net		1,091,667		7,651,478		8,743,145	
Total Assets		2,648,425		8,461,748		11,110,173	
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable		103,147		221,913		325,060	
Unearned Revenue		-		37,394		37,394	
Accrued Payroll		47,909		3,097		51,006	
Accrued Interest		3,480		1,187		4,667	
Non-Current Liabilities				-		-	
Due Within One Year		31,618		83,225		114,843	
Due in More than One Year		33,514		1,089,312		1,122,826	
Total Liabilities		219,668		1,436,128		1,655,796	
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,091,667		6,478,941		7,570,608	
Restricted		1,007,518		_	ι	1,007,518	
Unrestricted		329,572		546,679		876,251	
Total Net Position	_\$	2,428,757	\$	7,025,620	\$	9,454,377	

# TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

		Program Revenues					•		nse) Revenu s in Net Posii		
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Charges for	r Gr	perating ants and tributions	Ģı	Capital rants and stributions		vernmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total
									_		
Governmental Activities		_	_		_		_	(500 000)	_		
General Government	\$ 505,356	\$ -	\$	2,728	\$	-	\$	(502,628)	\$	-	\$ (502,628)
Public Safety	803,459	-		53,806		40 477		(749,653)		-	(749,653)
Public Works	645,983	-		-		16,177		(629,808)		•	(629,806)
Recreation	65,232	-		-		-		(65,232)		-	(65,232)
Interest on Debt	3,480	•		-		<del></del>	-	(3,480)		<del></del>	(3,480)
Total Governmental Activities	2,023,510	-		56,534		16,177		(1,950,799)		-	(1,950,799)
Business-Type Activities											
Utilities	671,679	490,116		-		468,727		_		287,164	287,164
Interest on Debt	17,073			-		·-		-		(17,073)	(17,073)
Total Business-Type Activities	688,752	490,116				468,727		-		270,091	270,091
Total	\$ 2,712,262	\$ 490,116	\$	56,534	\$	484,904	_	(1,950,799)		270,091	(1,680,708)
General Revenues											
Taxes											
Ad Valorem Taxes								172,791		-	172,791
Sales Taxes								1,322,071		165,257	1,487,328
Franchise Taxes								188,799		-	188,799
Licenses and Permits								118,767		-	118,767
Insurance Licenses								109,382		-	109,362
Fines and Forfeitures								208,224		-	208,224
investment Earnings								1,227		536	1,763
Other General Revenues								71,623			71,623
Transfors							_	(21,713)		21,713	<del></del>
Total General Revenues and Tr	ansfere						_	2,171,151		187,506	2,358,657
Change in Net Position							_	220,352		457,597	677,949
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Pr	reviously Repo	orted						2,208,405		6,572,686	8,781,091
Cumulative Effect from Change in Acc	ounting Princ	iple					_	•		(4,663)	(4,663)
Not Position, Beginning of Year, as Re	estated						_	2,208,405		6,568,023	8,776,428
Net Position, End of Year							_\$_	2, <b>428</b> ,757	\$	7,025,620	\$ 9,454,3 <u>77</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2013

	(	Seneral	Special Revenue Funds			Total Governmental			
•		Fund		Police		Street	Funds		
Assets									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	480,442	\$	213	\$	443,681	\$	924,336	
Certificates of Deposit		-		775		-		<i>7</i> 75	
Receivables			•						
Ad Valorem Taxes, Net		102,112		-		73,038		175,150	
Sales Taxes		-		49,470		74,206		123,676	
Other Receivables		58,344		-				58,344	
Due from Other Funds		-		5,462		441,804		447,266	
Total Assets	_\$	640,898	\$	55,920	\$ 1	,032,729	\$	1,729,547	
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	\$	71,131	\$	764	\$	31,252	\$	103,147	
Accrued Payroll		9,641		29,770		8,498		47,909	
Accrued Interest Payable		•		· <u>-</u>		-		· <u>-</u>	
Due to Other Funds		163,495		9,294		-		172,789	
Total Liabilities		244,267		39,828		39,750		323,845	
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unavailable Ad Valorem Taxes	_	2,171		-		1,553		3,724	
Total Deferred Inflows								-	
of Resources		2,171				1,553		3,724	
Fund Balances									
Restricted		-		16,092		991,426		1,007,518	
Unassigned		394,460		-		-		394,460	
Total Fund Balances		394,460		16,092		991,426		1,401,978	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows									
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	640,898	\$	55,920	\$ 1	,032,729	\$	1,729,547	

# TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2013

Statement D

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,401,978
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Governmental Capital Assets	2,285,167
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,193,500)
Long-term liabilities, including capital leases, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Capital Leases	(65,132)
Deferred Inflows - Unavailable Ad Valorem Taxes are not reported on government-wide financial statements.	3,724
Accrued interest and expenses associated with long-term liabilities are not reported in the governmental funds.	 (3,480)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,428,757

# TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	_	General Re			cial	nde.	Total	
	=	enerai Fund		Revenue Police	a rul	Street	Governmental Funds	
Revenues		runu		rolle		Ougot	1 Gila	<u> </u>
Taxes								
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	108,876	\$	-	\$	71.485	\$ 180.	,361
Sales Taxes	•	•	•	528,829	•	793,241	1,322	
Franchise Taxes		188,799		_		· <u>-</u>		799
Grants and Reimbursements		2,728		53,806		16,177		711
Licenses and Permits		101,391		14,345		· <u>-</u>		736
Insurance Licenses		109,362		-		-	109	362
Fines and Forfeitures		113,110		95,114		-		224
Interest Income		600		22		605	1,	227
Other Revenues		69,969		1,519		3,168	74	656
Total Revenues		694,835		693,635		884,676	2,273	<u>,146</u>
Expenditures								
Current								
General Government		469,985		-		-		,985
Public Safety		-		800,336		-		336
Public Works		•		•		572,264		,264
Recreation		53,848		-		-		.848
Capital Outlay		45,675		110,157		119,741	275	,573
Debt Service								
Principal		-		35,526		-	35	,526
Interest		-		-		-		
Total Expenditures		569,508		946,019		692,005	2,207	<u>,532</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		125,327		(252,384)		192,671	65	614
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In		25,821		144,092		12,122	182,	,035
Transfers Out		(166,174)		(11,753)		(25,821)	(203	,748
Capital Lease Proceeds		-		100,658		-	100	,658
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)		(140,353)		232,997		(13,699)	78	945
Net Change in Fund Balances		(15,026)		(19,387)		178,972	144	,559
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year,								
as Previously Reported		420,780		35,479		812,454	1,268	,713
Cumulative Effect of Change from								
Adoption of Accounting Principle		(11,294)		-		-		294
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year,								
as Restated		409,486		35,479		812,454	1,257	<u>,419</u>
Fund Balances, End of Year	_\$_	394 <u>,46</u> 0	\$	16,092	\$	991,426	\$ 1 <u>,4</u> 01	978

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Statement F

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	144,559
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives through depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays charged exceeded depreciation in the current period.		151,975
Capital lease proceeds are reported as other financing sources in governmental funds and, thus, contribute to the change in fund balances. In the government-wide statements, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		(100,658)
Repayment of bonds, certificates of indebtedness, and capital lease obligations are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		35,526
Accrued interest expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	-	, (3,480)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the		
funds - change in unavailable ad valorem taxes.		(7,570)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	_\$_	220,352

# TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund December 31, 2013

Statement G

Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,027,916
Receivables	
Water and Sewer, Net of Allowance of \$4,000	41,372
Sales Tax	15,459
Total Current Assets	1,084,747
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	<u>7,651,478</u>
Total Noncurrent Assets	7,651,478
Total Assets	8,736,225
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	221,913
Due to Other Funds	274,477
Accrued Payroll	3,097
Unearned Revenue	37,394
Accrued Interest Payable	1,187
Revenue Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness	83,225
Total Current Liabilities	621,293
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Revenue Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness	1,089,312
Total Liabilities	1,710,605
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,478,941
Unrestricted	546,679_
Total Net Position	\$ 7,025,620

# TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position

Statement H

**Proprietary Fund** 

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Operating Revenues		
Service Fees	\$	455,861
Other		23,990
Delinquent Fees		7,569
Installation Fees		1,570
Meter Fees		1,126
Total Operating Revenues		490,116
Operating Expenses		
Depreciation		272,058
Sewer System		183,856
Water System		145,686
Administrative and General		70,079
Total Operating Expenses		671,679
Operating Loss		(181,563)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Sales Tax Revenue		165,257
Capital Grants		468,727
interest Income		536
Interest on Debt		(17,073)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		617,447
Net Income Before Transfers		435,884
Operating Transfers		21,713
Change in Net Position		457,597
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported	6,	572,686
Cumulative Effect of Change from Adoption of Accounting Principle		(4,663)
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated	6	,568,023
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 7</u> ,	,025,620

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Statement I

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 488,116
Payments to Suppliers	(244,871)
Payments to Employees and for Benefits	(144,106)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	99,139
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities	
Interfund Transfers and Borrowing	21,713
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities	21,713
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Purchase and Construction of Capital Assets	(1,706,588)
Capital Grants Received	813,985
Sales Tax Receipts	171,140
Proceeds of EPA Loan	804,875
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(174,059)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(19,367)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(110,014)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest Received	536_
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	536_
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	11,374
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	1,016,542
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 1,027,916

# TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Statement I

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash	
Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Loss	\$ (181,563)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash	
Provided by Operating Activities	
Depreciation	272,058
Changes in Assets and Liabilities	
Increase in Receivables	(1,664)
Decrease in Accrued Payroll	(199)
Decrease in Unearned Revenue	(336)
Increase in Accounts Payable	10,843
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 99,139

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Introduction

The Town of Pearl River, Louisiana (the Town) was incorporated in 1906, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act, LRS 33:321. The Town operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government. The Town provides police protection, maintenance of streets, and water and sewer services.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (LRS) and to the guides set forth in the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide, and to the industry audit guide, Audits of State and Local Governmental Units.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# **Reporting Entity**

Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification) established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included with the reporting entity. For financial reporting purposes, in conformity with GASB Codification Section 2100, the Town includes all funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Town, which was determined on the basis of oversight responsibility, including accountability for fiscal and budget matters, designation and management or governing authority, and authority to issue debt. Based on these criteria, the Town has determined that there are no component units that are part of the reporting entity.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

# Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and the Town's proprietary funds. All individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and, so, have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Ad valorem taxes are considered to be susceptible to accrual when levied. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from transfers from the special revenue funds, licenses and permits, local taxes, fines and forfeitures, charges for service, and interest income.

# Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The Town's two special revenue funds account for the activities of its police and street departments.

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

# Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Revenues for these funds derive from the following sales taxes:

1% of levy dedicated for constructing, re-surfacing, lighting, and improving public streets, sidewalks, and bridges; constructing, purchasing, improving, maintaining, and operating recreation facilities and equipment; constructing, acquiring, or improving land, buildings, and any work of permanent public improvement, including equipment and furnishings thereof; and installing and operating sewer and water systems, including disposal plants, lagoons, etc., title to which shall be in the public.

1% of levy dedicated to maintenance and operation of the police department, including acquisition of vehicles and equipment. On October 22, 2011, this sales tax was renewed for another 25 years.

1/4% of levy dedicated for the purpose of all sewer maintenance and operations. This portion is deposited in the Utility Fund where sewer operations are accounted for.

# **Proprietary Fund**

The Town also reports a proprietary fund which is used to account for the water and sewer services it provides to the residents and businesses of the Town.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in-lieu-of taxes and other charges between the Town's enterprise operations. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Principal operating revenues for the Town's proprietary fund consist of charges to customers and users of its water and sewer services. Operating expenses for the Town's proprietary fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

# Impact of Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. The objective of GASB 65 is to either (a) properly classify certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or (b) recognize certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues). The provisions of the statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. During 2013, the Town adopted the statement and applied the provisions by restating the Town's beginning net position and fund balance related to (1) bond issuance costs, that had previously been capitalized and amortized, but are no longer recognized as assets and (2) the collection of ad valorem taxes to reflect deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements. Due to the adoption of GASB 65, beginning net position decreased \$4.663 for the change in recognition of the unamortized portion of the asset associated with bond issuance costs. In addition, beginning fund balance for the general fund decreased by \$11,294, due to the limiting of the receivable for ad valorem taxes to the funds collected within the first 60 days of 2013. The remaining amount received after the first 60 days has been recorded as a deferred inflow - unavailable ad valorem taxes.

# **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all government funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The Town does not utilize encumbrance accounting. All proposed budgets must be completed and submitted to the Town Council no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The final budget must be adopted before the ensuing fiscal year begins.

The Town adopted a budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the following funds: General Fund and each Special Revenue Fund. At the end of the fiscal year, unexpended appropriations of these funds automatically lapse. The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in this statement:

- (1) The Mayor, Board of Aldermen, Town Clerk, and other advisory personnel assemble the necessary financial information. The Mayor submits the information for review to the Board of Aldermen at least 45 days prior to January 1st of the following year.
- (2) A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- (3) Prior to the beginning of the new fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board of Aldermen.

# **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)**

(4) The Mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts among programs within a department, office, or agency, however, any revisions that alter the total revenues and/or expenditures budgeted for any department, office, agency, or fund must be approved by the Board of Aldermen.

# **Deposits and Investments**

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits.

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana. The Town may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates. These are classified as investments if their original maturities exceed 90 days; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents. In accordance with state law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. The Town was in compliance with the deposit and investment laws and regulations at December 31, 2013.

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash, as defined above, including restricted cash.

Short-term investments are stated at amortized cost, which approximates market. Certain investments, as required by GASB Statement No. 31, are reported at fair value, which is determined using published market prices.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Outstanding balances between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/due from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Uncollectible amounts due for customers' utility receivables and ad valorem taxes are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectability of the particular receivable. The allowance was \$4,000 for utility receivables and \$12,955 for ad valorem taxes receivable at December 31, 2013.

# **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Town maintains a threshold level of \$2,500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements, and they are recorded as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the Town's capitalization threshold is met. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the Town is a Phase III government and, as such, is not required to capitalize its infrastructure retroactively. The Town has elected to record its infrastructure on a prospective basis. The Town has capitalized its water and sewer infrastructure. The Town capitalizes interest on construction in its proprietary fund. Capital outlays of the proprietary fund are recorded as fixed assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis on both the funds' basis and the government-wide basis.

All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Useful Lives					
Infrastructure	40 Years					
Buildings and Improvements	15 - 40 Years					
Water and Sewer System	30 Years					
Furniture, Fixtures, and Office Equipment	7 Years					
Vehicles	5 Years					
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 15 Years					

# **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period.

# **Fund Equity**

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted Net Position Net position with constraints placed on their use either by:
  - a. External groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or
  - b. Law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the Town's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

Governmental Fund Statements

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- Restricted Fund Balance Amounts that are restricted to specific purposes imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- 2. Unassigned Fund Balance All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

#### **Interfund Transactions**

Permanent re-allocation of resources between funds of the Town is classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

# **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# Note 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At December 31, 2013, cash and cash equivalents were as follows:

·	Carrying Bank Amount Balance
Demand Deposit Time Deposit	\$ 1,952,252 \$ 2,091,33 775 77
Total	\$ 1,953,027 \$ 2,092,10

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be recovered. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2013, \$1,841,334 of the Town's bank balance of \$2,092,109 was exposed to custodial credit risk. However, these deposits are secured from risk by the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. These securities are being held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to the Town and the fiscal agent.

Under state law, deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities, plus the federal deposit insurance, must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. The custodial bank must advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

# Note 3. Receivables

Net receivables of governmental funds at December 31, 2013, were as follows:

	General Fund	Police Fund	Street Fund	Total _		
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 102,112	\$ -	\$ 73,038	\$ 175,150		
Sales Taxes	-	49,470	74,206	123,676		
Other Receivables	58,344	-	-	58,344		
Total	\$ 160,456	\$ 49,470	\$ 147,244	\$ 357,170		

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

# Note 4. Ad Valorem Taxes

Property taxes are normally levied and billed in December of each year and are delinquent on January 1<sup>st</sup> of the following year. Revenues are recognized when levied to the extent they are determined to be currently collectible. Assessed values are established by the St. Tammany Parish Assessor's Office and the State Tax Commission at percentages of actual value as specified by Louisiana law. For the year ended December 31, 2013, property taxes levied were 5.83 mills for general purposes and 4.17 mills for street improvement.

# Note 5. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2013:

Governmental Activities	Balance January 1, 2013	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31, 2013	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				•	
Land	\$ 104,377	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 104,377	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated					
Infrastructure	578,812	102,340	~	681,152	
Buildings and Improvements	354,035	-	-	354,035	
Machinery and Equipment	677,573	32,426	-	709,999	
Furniture, Fixtures, and Office Equipment	48,836	-	-	48,836	
Vehicles	295,592	159,791	(68,615)	386,768	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	1,954,848	294,557	(68,615)	2,180,790	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	(132,029)	(21,313)	-	(153,342)	
Buildings and Improvements	(219,155)	(5,557)	-	(224,712)	
Machinery and Equipment	(496,397)	(36,957)	-	(533,354)	
Furniture, Fixtures, and Office Equipment	(60,974)	-	-	(60,974)	
Vehicles	(210,978)	(59,771)	49,631	(221,118)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,119,533)	(123,598)	49,631	(1,193,500)	
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated, Net	835,315	170,959	(18,984)	987,290	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 939,692	\$ 170,959	\$ (18,984)	<b>\$ 1,091,667</b>	

# Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$	31,851
Public Works		45,237
Public Safety		35,126
Recreation		11,384
Total	¢	123,598
1 VWI	<u> </u>	120,000

Business-Type Activities	Balance January 1, 2013	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31, 2013
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 68,609	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	\$ 68,609
Construction in Progress	2,822,831	956,727	(1,970,490)	1,809,068
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	2,891,440	956,727	(1,970,490)	1,877,677
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Water System and Equipment	3,749,836	1,898,358	_	5,648,194
Sewer System and Equipment	4,580,532	203,507	_	4,784,039
Machinery and Equipment	222,357	19,041	-	241,398
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	8,552,725	2,120,906		10,673,631
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Water System and Equipment	(1,345,148)	(119,976)	-	(1,465,124)
Sewer System and Equipment	(3,070,962)	(140,633)	_	(3,211,595)
Machinery and Equipment	(211,662)	(11,449)	-	(223,111)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(4,627,772)	(272,058)		(4,899,830)
Total Capital Assets Being			•	
Depreciated, Net	3,924,953	1,848,848	-	5,773,801
Capital Assets, Net	\$6,816,393	\$2,805,575	\$ (1,970,490)	\$ 7,651,478

# Note 6. Deferred Compensation

Certain employees of the Town participate in the Louisiana Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan (the Plan) adopted under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, Section 457. Complete disclosures relating to the Plan are included in the separately issued audit report for the Plan, available from the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397.

# Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2013:

		Rev			
		Utility	Cert	tificate of	
		Bonds	Inde	btedness	Total
Bonds and Certificates					
at January 1, 2013	\$	460,797	\$	80,925	\$ 541,722
Additions	•	804,875		-	804,875
Bond and Certificate Payments		(134,359)		(39,700)	 (174,059)
Bonds and Certificates					
at December 31, 2013		1,131,313	\$	41,225	\$ 1,172,538
Amount Due Within One Year	\$	42,000	\$	41,225	\$ 83,225

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2013:

\$350,000 Certificate of Indebtedness dated March 1, 2004, due in annual installments, with semi-annual interest payments at 3.84% per annum through March 1, 2014, secured by the revenues of the proprietary fund.

\$ 41,225

\$1,800,000 Sales Tax Bond revolving loan fund payable to the Environmental Protection Agency with semi-annual principal payments of \$21,000, with interest payable at 2.95% and an administrative fee of .50%, maturing on March 1, 2032, secured by the revenues of the proprietary fund.

1,131,313

Total

\$ 1,172,538

The future debt service requirements are as follows:

	Utility Bonds .					Certificates of Indebtedness			Certificates of Indebtedness Total					tal	
	P	rincipal	In	Interest		rincipal	I.	nterest	Р	rincipal	li	nterest			
2014	\$	41,225	\$	1,583	\$	42,000	\$	38,946	\$	83,225	\$	40,529			
2015		-		-		42,000		37,487		42,000		37.487			
2016		•		-		42,000		36,028		42,000		36,028			
2017		-		-		42,000		34,569		42,000		34,569			
2018		-		-		42,000		33,109		42,000		33,109			
2019 - 2023		-		-		210,000		117,842		210,000		117,842			
2023 - 2028		-		-		210,000		114,465		210,000		114,465			
2028 - 2032		•				501,313		113,503		501,313		113,503			
Total	\$	41,225	\$	1,583	\$	1,131,313	\$	525,949	\$	1,172,538	_\$_	527,532			

# Note 8. Capital Lease Obligation

This year, the Town entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of vehicles valued at \$100,658. The vehicles have a five year estimated useful life. This year, \$15,099 was included in depreciation expense. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2013, were as follows:

	Government
Year ending December 31	al Activities
2014	\$ 35,526
2015	35,526
Total Minimum Lease Payments	71,052
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(5,920)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 65,132

# Note 9. Interfund Receivables/Payables

Due to/from other funds at December 31, 2013, were as follows:

Fund	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables		
General Fund	\$ -	\$	163,495	
Special Revenue Fund				
Police	5,462		9,294	
Street	441,804		-	
Proprietary Fund	<u> </u>	••	274,477	
Total	\$ 447,266	\$	447,266	

The above due to/from other funds were short-term receivables or payables resulting from the normal course of the Town's operations.

#### Note 10. Interfund Transfers

Operating transfers between funds occur in the normal course of business and were as follows, during the year ended December 31, 2013:

	G	eneral	Police		Street		Pr	oprietary	
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	Total
Transfers Out:	_								<u> </u>
General Fund	\$	-	\$	144,092	\$	-	\$	22,083	\$ 166,175
Street Fund		25,821		_		-		-	25,821
Police Fund		-		-		11,753		-	11,753
Proprietary Fund		-		-		369			369
Total	\$	25,821	\$	144,092	\$	12,122	\$	22,083	\$ 204,118

# Note 11. Pension Plan

All full-time police department employees engaged in law enforcement who are not participating in another retirement system are required to participate in the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (the System). Employees who retire at or after age 50 with at least 20 years of creditable service or at or after age 55 with at least 12 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 31/3% of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified previously and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, 7722 Office Park Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809-7601, or by calling (225) 929-7411.

Members of the System are required by state statute to contribute 7.5% of their annual covered salary and the Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 31.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of System members and the Town are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statue 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Town's contributions to the System for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, were \$16,250, \$16,127, and \$13,973, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

# TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA

#### Notes to Financial Statements

# Note 12. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Town carried insurance through various commercial carriers to cover all risks of loss, except for the risk of loss of assets relating to certain vehicles and equipment. The Town has no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded its commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 13. Construction Commitment

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Town entered into construction contracts totaling \$536,510, of which \$80,663 remained to be paid at December 31, 2013.

# Note 14. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the General Fund's actual expenditures of \$735,682 exceeded its budgeted appropriations of \$575,403, resulting in an unfavorable variance of \$160,279.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Special Revenue Police Fund's actual expenditures of \$957,772 exceeded its budgeted appropriations of \$796,454, resulting in an unfavorable variance of \$161,318.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Special Revenue Street Fund's actual expenditures of \$717,826 exceeded its budgeted appropriations of \$671,550, resulting in an unfavorable variance of \$46,276.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues					
Taxes	. 400.0		420.000	£ 400.700	£ 50.700
Franchise	\$ 130,0	-	,	\$ 188,799	\$ 58,799
Ad Valorem Taxes	146,6	93	180,000	108,876	(71,124)
Grants and Reimbursements Fines and Forfeitures	350.0	00	70 267	2,728	2,728
Licenses and Permits	•		76,357	113,110	36,753
Insurance Licenses	120,5		120,500	101,391 109,362	(19,109)
Other Revenues	120,0		120,000		(10,638)
Interest Income	199,0	00	219,000	69,969 600	(149,031)
interest income			<del>-</del>	600	600
Total Revenues	1,066,1	93	845,857	694,835	(151,022)
Expenditures					
General Government					
Salaries	92.0		92,000	107,371	(15,371)
Insurance	23,8	32	23,832	74,775	(50,943)
Professional Fees	53,0	00	53,000	68,362	(15,362)
Aldermen	54,0	00	54,000	54,000	-
Utilitles	40,0	00	40,000	47,882	(7,882)
Mscellaneous	319,3	36	29,000	18,298	10,702
Office	19,0	00	19,000	17,268	1,732
Repairs and Maintenance	39,0	00	39,000	15,304	23,696
Health Insurance	140,0	00	140,000	10,951	129,049
Beautification	20,0	00	10,000	9,733	267
Animal Control	9,0	00	9,000	9,600	(600)
Payroll Taxes	9,6	86	9,686	7,524	2,162
Retirement	20,5	50	20,550	6,835	13,715
Dues and Convention	6,0	00	6,000	6,610	(610)
Museum	8,2	80	8,280	3,631	4,649
Council Clerk	3,6	00	3,600	3,600	
Vehicle	1,0	00	1,000	3,310	(2,310)
Senior Citizen	3,6	00	3,600	2,966	634
Workmen's Compensation	8	55	855	1,365	(510)
Veterans Memorial	3,0	00	3,000	600	2,400
Recreation	30,0	00	10,000	53,848	(43,848)
Capital Outlay			<u> </u>	45,675	(45,675)
Total Expenditures	895,7	39	575,403	569,508	5,895
Excess of Revenues Over					•
Expenditures	170,4	54	270,454	125,327	(145,127)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	-		-	25,821	25,821
Transfers Out	(60,4	54)		(166,174)	168,174
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(60,4	54)	-	(140,353)	191,995
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 110,0	00 \$	270,454	(15,026)	\$ 46,868
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported				420,780	
Cumulative Effect of Change from Adoption of Accounting Pr	rinciple			(11,294)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated				409,486	
Fund Balance, End of Year				\$ 394,460	

TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Police For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues	<b>6</b> 650 000	f 550,000	f 500,000	\$ (04.474)
Sales Taxes	\$ 650,000	\$ 550,000	\$ 528,829	\$ (21,171)
Grants and Reimbursements	51,000	51,000	53,806	2,806
Fines and Forfeitures	60,454	160,454	95,114 14,245	(65,340)
Licenses and Permits	-	-	14,345	14,345
Other Revenues Interest Income	-	-	1,519	1,519
interest income		-	22	
Total Revenues	<u>761</u> ,454	761,454	693,635	(67,819)
Expenditures				
Public Safety				
Salaries	467,440	467,440	479,261	(11,821)
Health Insurance	-	-	55,492	(55,492)
Gas and Oil	68,000	68,000	54,755	13,245
Retirement	50,300	50,300	43,522	6,778
Payroll Taxes	50,531	50,531	42,144	8,387
Workmen's Compensation	34,103	34,103	37,828	(3,725)
Office	8,000	8,000	24,824	(16,824)
Repairs and Maintenance	17,600	17,600	21,750	(4,150)
Training	6,060	6,060	15,304	(9,244)
Miscellaneous	15,000	15,000	13,023	1,977
Communications	10,500	10,500	10,327	173
Insurance	23,920	23,920	1,680	22,240
Prisoner Meals	3,000	3,000	248	2,752
Court Expense	2,000	2,000	178	1,822
Debt Service	40,000	40,000	35,526	4,474
Capital Outlay	-	<u>-</u>	110,157	(110,157)
Total Expenditures	796,454	796,454	946,019	(149,565)
Deficiency of Revenues	(25.000)	(05.000)	(050.004)	/047 00 N
Over Expenditures	(35,000)	(35,000)	(252,384)	(217,384)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	60,454	_	144,092	144,092
Transfers Out	-	_	(11,753)	(11,753)
Proceeds of Capital Lease		•	100,658	100,658
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	60,454	-	232,997	232,997
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 25 <u>.454</u>	\$ (35,000)	(19,387)	<b>\$</b> 15,613
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			35,479	
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 16,092	

TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Street For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				<u> </u>
Taxes				
Sales Taxes	\$ 650,000	\$ 550,000	\$ 793,241	\$ 243,241
Ad Valorem Taxes	-	-	71,485	71,485
Grants	6,550	6,550	16,177	9,627
Other Revenues	5,000	5,000	3,168	(1,832)
Interest Income		-	605	605
Total Revenues	661,550	561,550	884,676	323,126
Expenditures				
Public Works				
Salaries	317,128	317,128	303,526	13,602
Equipment Repairs and Maintenance	60,000	60,000	76,570	(16,570)
Street Lights	50,000	50,000	50,831	(831)
Workmen's Compensation	41,932	41,932	36,908	5,024
Health Insurance	-	-	35,075	(35,075)
Payroll Taxes	26,501	26,501	23,927	2,574
Gas and Oil	20,000	20,000	18,515	1,485
Miscellaneous	14,000	14,000	11,372	2,628
Retirement	16,529	16,529	9,795	6,734
Supplies	10,000	10,000	5,645	4,355
Insurance	10,000	10,000	100	9,900
Capital Outlay	205,460	105,460	119,741	(14,281)
Total Expenditures	771,550	671,550	692,005	(20,455)
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(110,000)	(110,000)	192,671	302,671
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In			12,122	12,122
Transfers Out	-	-	•	*
Hansiers Out	<del></del>		(25,821)	(25,821)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	(13,699)	(13,699)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (110,000)	\$ (110,000)	178,972	\$ 288,972
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			812,454	
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 991,426	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA Proprietary Fund Schedule of Operating Expenses For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Administrative and General Expenses		
Office Expense	\$	19,425
Health Insurance		12,286
Salaries		10,564
Payroll Taxes		8,362
Workmen's Compensation		5,535
Professional Fees		5,375
Retirement		4,267
Education and Training		2,202
Bank and NSF Charges		2,063
Total Administrative and General Expenses	<u>_</u> \$	70,079
Sewer System Expenses		
Utilities	\$	132,241
Other		47,388
Lab Testing		3,550
Repairs and Maintenance		677
Total Sewer System Expenses	<u>\$</u>	183,856
Water System Expenses		
Salaries	\$	95,754
Repairs and Maintenance		49,034
Water Meters and Hydrants		898
Total Water System Expenses	<u>\$</u>	145,686

#### TOWN OF PEARL RIVER, LOUISIANA Schedule of Compensation Paid to the Members of the Board of Aldermen For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Board of Aldermen	Term of Office	Compensation
David McQueen P.O. Box 371 Pearl River, LA 70452 (985) 863-2176	December 31, 2014	<b>\$ 10,800</b>
Marie Crowe 35190 Highway 3081 Pearl River, LA 70452 (985) 863-9373	December 31, 2014	\$ 10,800
Kathryn Walsh 39208 Gum Street Pearl River, LA 70452 (985) 863-2254	December 31, 2014	\$ 10,800
Ruby Gauley 39107 McQueen Road Pearl River, LA 70452 (985) 863-7258	December 31, 2014	\$ 10,800
Ella Brakefield P.O. Box 1514 Pearl River, LA 70452 (985) 863-5438	December 31, 2014	\$ 10,800



LaPorte, APAC 5100 Village Walk | Suite 300 Covington, LA 70433 985.892.5850 | Fax 985.892.5956 LaPorte.com

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Pearl River, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Pearl River, Louisiana (the Town), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2014.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the following deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses: 2013 - 1 and 2013 - 2.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2013 - 3 and 2013 - 4.

#### Town of Pearl River's Response to Findings

The Town's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Covington, LA June 26, 2014



La Porte, A PAC 5100 Village Walk | Suite 300 Covington, LA 70433 985.892.5850 | Fax 985.892.5956 La Porte.com

## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Alderman Town of Pearl River, Louisiana

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Pearl River, Louisiana's (the Town) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Town's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2013. The Town's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Town's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2013.

#### Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance which is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which is described as item 2013 - 5 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Our opinion on the major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The Town's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town's internal control over compliance with types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Covington, LA June 26, 2014

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	CFDA Number	Expenditures
United States Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed through the Louisiana Office of Community Development Community Development Block Grant	14.218	\$ 123,781
United States Environmental Protection Agency Passed through the State of Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	66.458	1,149,821
Total		\$ 1,273,602

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

- A The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards was prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.
- B. The following is a reconciliation of total federal grant expenditures to the federal grant revenues reported on page 13 of the financial statements:

Total Federal Expenditures	\$	1,273,602
Loan Portion of Bonds Payable for Clean Water State Revolving Funds		(804,875)
,	<del></del>	-
Total Capital Contributions on Statement H	\$_	468,727

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

#### A. Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements**

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Town of Pearl River, Louisiana (the Town).
- 2. Material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements of the Town were disclosed during the audit.
- 3. Instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Town were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award program are reported in the Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award program for the Town' expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. Audit findings relative to the major federal award programs for the Town are reported in Part C of this schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included:

Program CFDA No.

Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds 66.458

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The Town was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

#### B. Findings and Questioned Costs Related to the Financial Statements

#### 2013 - 1 Financial Statement Preparation

Criteria: Effective controls over financial reporting require that the Town's

financial statements be prepared without material misstatements.

Condition: During the year ended December 31, 2013, material audit adjusting

entries were necessary to adjust account balances to actual.

Cause: Unknown.

Effect: Internal financial statements contained material misstatements.

Recommendation: Currently, the Town's monthly financial statements are prepared by a

local CPA firm. We recommend that the Town work with that firm in ensuring effective communication so that monthly financial statements

will be materially correct.

Management's

Response: The Town will discuss this matter with its CPA firm and make changes

necessary to ensure that financial statements are materially correct.

#### 2013 - 2 Legislative Auditor Audit

Criteria: Article 7, Section 14, of the Louisiana Constitution prohibits personal use

of public funds.

Condition: The Louisiana Legislative Auditors performed an audit of certain

transactions of the Town and released their report on May 21, 2014. Their report can be found at www.lla.la.gov. The report identified the

following:

1) Personal Use of Town Equipment - Mayor James Lavigne and Police Chief Benjamin Raynor purchased equipment totaling \$6,495 that was not necessary for Town operations and appear to have used the equipment for personal purposes. By purchasing unnecessary equipment and using it for personal purposes, Mayor Lavigne and Chief Raynor may have violated the Louisiana Constitution and state

law.

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

- 2) Personal Use of Town Funds From December 2011 to July 2013, Town Clerk Diane Bennett and Mayor James Lavigne used Town funds totaling \$6,261 to make personal purchases. This amount included purchases totaling \$5,215 made by Ms. Bennett and \$1,046 by Mayor Lavigne. Town records indicate that Ms. Bennett and Mayor Lavigne reimbursed the Town for these purchases. Ms. Bennett and Mayor Lavigne both stated they used Town funds for personal purchases in order to avoid paying sales taxes. By using public funds for personal purposes and failing to pay sales taxes, Ms. Bennett and Mayor Lavigne may have violated the Louisiana Constitution and state law.
- 3) Town Clerk Received Extra Payroll Checks From March 30, 2012 to August 30, 2013, Ms. Bennett received eight extra payroll checks totaling \$7,896. Ms. Bennett could not provide documentation to indicate that she was entitled to receive these extra payroll checks. By receiving checks she was not entitled to receive, Ms. Bennett may have violated Town ordinance and state law.
- 4) Improper Gifts Provided to Mayor Robert Crain, the Town's treecutting contractor, provided free landscaping services for Mayor Lavigne, which may violate the state's ethics law.
- 5) Town Employees Performed Services for Mayor and Town Clerk Town employees performed personal services for Mayor Lavigne and Ms. Bennett during their normal working hours. By using public resources for personal purposes, Mayor Lavigne and Ms. Bennett may have violated state law.
- 6) Ethics Prohibited Transaction On August 20, 2012, the Town's Police Department issued a payment in the amount of \$4,200 to Police Chief Benjamin Raynor's stepson, Jody Miller, for the purchase of an off-road vehicle. Although the check was issued to Chief Raynor's stepson, documents indicate that the vehicle was registered to Chief Raynor. Because state law prohibits Chief Raynor from entering into contracts with the Police Department, Chief Raynor may have violated the state's ethics law.
- 7) Improper Christmas Bonuses From December 2011 to November 2013, the Town improperly paid Christmas bonuses totaling \$29,792 to Town employees and officials. The payment of Christmas bonuses may have violated the Louisiana Constitution. In addition, these bonus payments were falsely recorded as clothing allowances in the Town's annual budgets and financial statements. These actions may have violated state law.
- 8) Additional Compensation Not Reported as Income The Town did not report additional compensation paid to Mayor Lavigne and Ms. Bennett as required by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). In addition, we noted that some additional compensation paid to Mayor Lavigne and Ms. Bennett was paid before it was earned in possible violation of the Louisiana Constitution.

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

- 9) Mayor's Use of Town Vehicle The Town did not calculate and report the taxable fringe benefit of Mayor Lavigne's take-home vehicle and personal use as required by the IRS.
- 10) Questionable Vehicle Purchase In March 2013, Mayor Lavigne traded in a newly purchased vehicle for another vehicle after one week, resulting in a loss of \$8,150. Because the Town did not receive equivalent value for the amount of the loss. Mayor Lavigne's actions may have violated the Louisiana Constitution and state law. Further, it appears that the Town did not comply with the public bid law in the purchase of either vehicle.

Cause:

Inadequate procedures and internal controls over the use of public funds and equipment.

Effect:

Possible misappropriation of public funds and violations of state law as well as inadequate internal controls over those processes.

Recommendation: The Legislative Auditor made the following recommendations:

- 1) We recommend that Town management implement a policy prohibiting the personal use of Town property and equipment. We further recommend that Town management (1) maintain a complete and accurate record of all Town assets and equipment; (2) implement procedures to determine the necessity of equipment prior to purchase; and (3) monitor the proper use, storage, and maintenance of equipment.
- 2) We recommend that the Town adopt detailed policies and purchasing procedures for the use of Town funds. These policies should prohibit the personal use of Town funds and provide guidance for the business use of Town funds, as well as the supporting documentation expected to be maintained. This policy should require: (1) documentation of the business purpose for the expenditure; (2) itemized receipts for meals. as well as a list of people attending the meals; (3) timely submission of original receipts; and (4) disciplinary action for noncompliance.
- 3) We recommend that the Town adopt detailed policies and procedures to ensure that public funds are spent in accordance with Town ordinance and state law. In addition, the Town should: (1) seek reimbursement for improper payments made to Ms. Bennett; (2) discontinue the practice of allowing employees to be paid for unused leave; (3) implement an electronic system to account for employee leave earned, accrued, and taken; and (4) require that time and attendance records are maintained for all employees and approved by an immediate supervisor.
- 4) We recommend that the Town implement a policy prohibiting Town officials and employees from receiving gifts or gratuities or anything of economic value from vendors or contractors who have, or are seeking to obtain, business with the Town.

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

- 5) We recommend that Town management implement written policies to ensure that public resources are used solely for public purposes. These policies should prohibit Town employees from performing services for which there is no public purpose.
- 6) We recommend the Town consult with legal counsel and the Louisiana Board of Ethics on the legality of this transaction. The Town should also adopt detailed ethics policies and procedures that include requiring all employees to attend yearly ethics training in accordance with state law.
- 7) The Town should (1) seek reimbursement for improper bonus payments made to Town officials and employees; (2) comply with the Louisiana Constitution and cease paying bonuses; and (3) always provide complete and accurate information in the Town's annual budgets and financial statements.
- 8) The Town should (1) implement written policies and procedures to ensure that all employee compensation is properly processed and reported to the IRS; (2) amend employees' earnings previously reported to the IRS to properly include amounts not reported; and (3) discontinue the practice of paying compensation to employees prior to the services being performed.
- 9) We recommend that the Town amend Mayor Lavigne's earnings previously reported to the IRS to properly include the fringe benefit value of his take-home vehicle. We further recommend that the Town implement written policies and procedures to ensure that Town vehicles are used only for public purposes.
- 10) We recommend that the Town implement written policies and procedures to ensure that public funds are spent in accordance with the Louisiana Constitution and state law.

#### Management's Response:

Management responded to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor Investigative Audit report in a letter dated May 6, 2014. This response can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website.

#### 2013 - 3 Public Bid Law and Disposal of Surplus Property

Criteria:

The Louisiana Revised Statutes provide for four ways to dispose of surplus movable property by a government: by public auction open to private persons (LRS 49:125), at private sale with an appraised value of \$5,000 or less (LRS 33:4712(F)), by internet sale (LRS 33:4711.1), or by sale to another public entity (LRS 33:1321).

Condition:

We noted that during the year, the Town traded a vehicle in while purchasing a new vehicle. This method of disposing of surplus property does not meet one of the four methods noted above. In addition, the Town purchased three new vehicles without using the public bid process. The costs of these vehicles exceeded \$100.000.

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Cause: The cause of this condition appears to be a management oversight of the

laws regarding the public bid process and disposal of surplus property.

Effect: Noncompliance with laws regarding disposal of surplus property.

Recommendation: We recommend the management of the Town review applicable state

laws and ensure that future purchases and dispositions are transacted in

compliance with said laws.

Management's

Response: Future transactions will be conducted in accordance with applicable state

laws.

#### 2013 - 4 Budget Variance

Criteria: LRS 39:1311 requires the Mayor to notify, in writing, the Board of

Aldermen when actual expenditures exceed budgeted expenditures and budgeted revenues exceed actual revenues by five percent or more and that, upon notification, the Board of Aldermen adopt an amendment to

the budget.

Condition: During testing of compliance with the provisions of certain laws, we

noted that the actual revenues of the General Fund were less than the final budget by 15%, actual expenditures of the General Fund exceeded the final budget by 28%, actual expenditures of the Special Revenue Police Fund exceeded the final budget by 20%, and actual expenditures of the Special Revenue Street Fund exceeded the final budget by 7%.

Cause: The cause of this condition appears to be a management oversight.

Effect: Violation of LRS 39:1311.

Recommendation: The Town should closely monitor budget to actual comparison near

year end so that required amendments are made.

Management's

Response: The Town agrees with the finding and will closely monitor the budget so

that all required amendments are made.

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

#### C. Findings and Questioned Costs Related to Major Federal Award Programs

#### **2013 - 5** Timely Payment of Vendors (66.458)

Criteria: Code of Federal Regulations 31 CFR part 205 requires that payments

to vendors be made in a timely manner.

Condition: During our testing for the year ended December 31, 2013, we noted that

draws deposited on May 20, 2013, June 28, 2013, and August 5, 2013,

were not paid to the vendors until August 29, 2013.

Cause: The cause of this condition appears to be a management oversight.

Effect: Noncompliance with cash management requirements.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Town make federal grant payments on a timely

basis in the future.

Management's

Response: Future transactions will be conducted in accordance with the cash

management provisions of federal law.

#### D. Management Letter

None.

**Schedule of Prior Year Findings** For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

#### 2012 - 1 Financial Statement Preparation

Status:

This finding has not been resolved. See current year finding 2013 - 1 in Part B of the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.